BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022



INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER'S REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

To the Members of **BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE**

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of **BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE** which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Practitioner's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements, which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements is a limited assurance engagement. The practitioner performs procedures, primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less in extent than, and vary in nature from, those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE** as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Belleville, Ontario May 30, 2023 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

(Incorporated under the laws of Ontario)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS

	2022		2021	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Short term investments - note 4 Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	107,902 100,000 123,652 1,500 333,054	\$	264,846 - 27,893 1,500 294,239
CAPITAL ASSETS - note 5		905	_	1,799
	\$	333,959	<u>\$</u>	296,038
NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue - note 6	\$	31,490 1,887 94,622 127,999	\$	22,345 32,744 75,914 131,003
LONG-TERM DEBT - note 7		28,855 156,854		27,555 158,558
NET ASSETS	_	177,105	_	137,480
	\$	333,959	\$	296,038
Approved by the Board				
Member				
Member				

(Unaudited)
(See accompanying notes)



BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
REVENUES				
Advertising	\$	16,928	\$	5,446
City of Belleville contract - note 6		317,000		184,528
Event revenues		234,251		61,548
Grants		94,777		36,040
Memberships		120,732		114,066
Other income		82,258		38,210
Sponsorships		84,072		79,920
	_	950,018		519,758
EXPENSES				
Advertising and promotion		91,126		76,511
Amortization		2,044		3,597
Bad debts		77		25
Computer expense		1,204		5,111
Events		423,755		116,031
Insurance		4,255		4,134
Interest and bank charges		5,610		3,283
Memberships		8,568		6,428
Office and administration		38,154		19,994
Professional fees		28,340		10,230
Occupancy costs		15,900		13,447
Salaries and benefits	_	291,360	_	251,803
	_	910,393	_	510,594
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		39,625		9,164
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	_	137,480	_	128,316
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	177,105	<u>\$</u>	137,480

(Unaudited)
(See accompanying notes)



BELLEVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenues over expenses Adjustments for:	\$	39,625	\$	9,164
Amortization Fair value adjustment for forgivable loan	_	2,044 1,300	_	3,597 1,300
Change in non-cash working capital components:		42,969		14,061
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		(95,759)		(25,608) 15,200
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue		9,145 (30,857) 18,708		6,410 1,510 47,494
		(55,794)		59,067
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of short term investments Purchase of capital assets	_	(100,000) (1,150)		- -
	_	(101,150)	_	-
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(156,944)		59,067
CASH, beginning of year		264,846		205,779
CASH, end of year	<u>\$</u>	107,902	\$	264,846

(Unaudited)
(See accompanying notes)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Belleville Chamber of Commerce is a non-profit organization incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario for the purpose of bringing a collective voice of the business community in an effective manner to all levels of government on matters affecting business and industry in the Belleville area.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Membership fees are recognized as revenue proportionately over the fiscal year to which they relate.

Revenue from operation of events and the associated event costs are included in the Statement of Operations upon completion of the event.

Income taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization under the Income Tax Act and as such is exempt from income taxes.

Investments

The purchase and sale of investments are accounting for using settlement date accounting. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition of investments and are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. The Organization provides for amortization using the straightline method at rates designed to amortize the cost of the capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributed services

Directors, committee members and owners volunteer their time to assist in the corporation's activities. While these services benefit the corporation considerably, a reasonable estimate of their amount and fair value cannot be made and, accordingly, these contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by transaction costs in the case where a financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost. The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Government assistance

Government assistance received is recorded as revenue in the period for which eligible expenditures are incurred. Government assistance related to interest free loans is recorded as revenue over the interest free period based on the present value of the loan. Government assistance related to loan forgiveness is recorded as revenue in the period that it is determined the forgivable portion of the loan will be forgiven.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Management makes accounting estimates when determining the estimated useful life of the Organization's capital assets and the amount of accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Credit risk

The Organization is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Organization's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash and cash equivalents and its accounts receivable. The Organization's cash is deposited with a Chartered bank and as a result management believes the risk of loss on these items to be remote. The Organization manages credit risk by reviewing accounts receivable regularly and following up on outstanding amounts. Management has assessed the allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2022 to be \$Nil (2021-\$Nil).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization cannot repay its obligations when they become due. The Organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due; maintains an adequate line of credit to repay trade creditors and repays long term debt interest and principal as they become due. In the opinion of management the liquidity risk exposure to the Organization low and is not material.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Substantially all of the Organization's transactions occur in Canadian dollars, and therefore, are not subject to currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. In the opinion of management the interest rate risk exposure to the Organization is low as there are no interest bearing financial instruments.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market.

Change in risk

There were no changes in risk exposure during the year.

4. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

Short term investments consist of cashable guaranteed investments certificates bearing interest at 1.3%, maturing on March 24, 2023.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

		2022					2021		
	_	Cost		umulated ortization		Net	Net		
Computer equipment	\$	11,942	\$	11,037	\$	905	<u>\$</u>	1,799	

6. CITY OF BELLEVILLE CONTRACT

	2022		2021	
Contract revenues	\$	245,000	\$	235,000
Additional contract revenues		40,000		-
Prior year deferred contract revenue		73,000		-
Site services and event reimbursements		51,000		22,528
Less: Deferred revenue		(92,000)	_	(73,000)
	<u>\$</u>	317,000	<u>\$</u>	184,528

At December 31, 2022, \$92,000 (2021 - \$73,000) of the contract revenues is included in deferred revenues as the funds were not fully spent in 2022.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

		2022	 2021
Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) from TD Canada Trust, interest at 0% during initial term, initial term ending December 31, 2023, interest owing at 5% during extended term ending on December 31, 2025, first interest payment date is January 31, 2024, \$10,000 is forgivable if 75% repaid before initial term date.	\$	28,855	\$ 27,555

The book value of the Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) at December 31, 2022 is \$40,000. The loan has been discounted to reflect the below market interest over the interest free period at a rate of 5%. The fair value adjustment on the loan is \$1,300 (2021 - \$1,300) and is included in expenses as Interest and bank charges. The loan forgiveness adjustment of \$10,000 was recorded into revenue in 2020.